

(11) Publication number:

0 231 862 A2

(12

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(21) Application number: 87101105.2

(51) Int. Cl.3: B 01 D 46/42

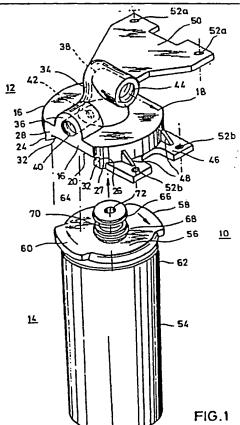
(22) Date of filing: 27.01.87

30 Priority: 27.01.86 US 822536

Date of publication of application: 12.08.87 Bulletin 87/33

Designated Contracting States:
 AT BE CH DE ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE

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- (54) Quick-change filter cartridge and head therefor.
- 57) A filtering device includes a head intended to be permanently installed in a fluid dispensing machine and a disposable canister therefor. A central chamber is formed in the head which chamber is in communication with an inlet port and an outlet port for receiving an unfiltered liquid and supplying a filtered liquid, respectively. The disposable canister has a flask shaped main body with a flat top and a neck of substantially uniform diameter on the top. The neck fits in the central chamber. A tube extending through the neck defines an annular clearance between the tube and the interior of the neck which annular clearance is in fluid communication with the inlet port. The opening into the tube located at the top of the neck is in fluid communication with the outlet port in the head. A pair of tab receptacle on the head and a complementary pair of tabs on the canister are engageable with one another by 1/4 rotation of the canister to lock the canister to the head.



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QUICK-CHANGE FILTER CARTRIDGE AND HEAD THEREFOR

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed to a fluid filter and more particularly to a quick change disposable filter canister for filtering liquids.

Vending machines for dispensing liquids such as coffee or soft drinks in a cup are in wide spread use in our society. It is common to filter liquids such as water in coffee machines or soft drinks before they are dispensed by circulating the liquid through an appropriate filtering device. Such filtering devices have a limited useful life and require frequent replacement.

construct the filter for easy and simple removal and replacement. Thus, personnel who routinely replenish the machines with supplies could also replace the filter. Since those who restock the machines are not mechanically trained and do not carry hand tools, it has been known to construct the filtering device as an assembly which includes a permanently installed head in the machine and a disposable filter canister which can be easily installed in the head by persons without mechanical skill and without use of any hand tools.

various filters of this type have been previously described. The known filtering devices are often complex in structure which tends to increase their cost. Moreover, the wide practice has been to provide "screw on" types of filters, similar to the familiar car oil filter, which require patience and time to align the filter and to screw it into position. The known filtering devices are typified by the following examples:

directed to a filter assembly which includes a permanently installed head fixedly mounted in a machine and a replaceable filter unit. The replaceable filter unit is supported in a rotatable clamping collar. Upon rotation of the clamping column the filter unit is secured in the head. The head structure is complicated by the inclusion of a shut-off valve. The mating end of the replaceable filter is conically shaped and includes two coaxial tubular portions which define input and output ports into the canister. The canister receiving opening in the head in cylindrical but has a non uniform diameter to fit snugly over and accommodate the replaceable filter.

Other patents which appear to be relevant to the subject matter of the present invention include: U.S. Patent Nos. 2,563,548; 2,568,181; 2,979,208; 3,217,942; 3,313,417; 3,313,418; 3,319,791; 3,333,697; 3,347,386; 3,859,216; 4,051,036; 4,052,307; 4,082,673; 4,105,561; 4,268,384; 4,304,736; 4,349,438; 4,465,595; 4,495,072; 4,520,950; and 4,497,348. The majority of the above patents are directed to various filter

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assemblies, particularly to such assemblies having a removable filter cartridge that is attached to some type of head. A representative group of the patent is discussed below.

U.S. 2,563,548 in the name of Plante discloses a gasoline filter cartridge 33 having arms 42 received in a recess 50 on the under surface of a head. The filter is threaded onto the head.

U.S. 2,568,181 in the name of Zimmerman et al. shows outwardly projecting lugs or fins 21 on the filter cartridge which are received above stops 39 in a cover. This invention was envisioned for use in connection with automotive engines.

U.S. 3,217,942, to Humbert Jr. et al. discloses a filter unit which is particularly adapted for use in a gas station wherein the filter is located in a dispensing handle of a gasoline hose through which gasoline is dispensed into automotive vehicles. The replaceable filter unit has a neck portion which is in fluid communication with a discharge nozzle 22 and an annular clearance around the neck which is in communication with the incoming fluid from the hose. The replaceable filter is threadedly received and supported on the gas dispensing handle.

In the patent to Juan, U.S. No. 3,319,079 there is shown a filter cartridge secured within a head. The cartridge appears to have a reduced diameter end that is received within the filter head. The end carries several O-rings and is comprised of two unequally long concentric tubes to provide an input and an output path into the filter.

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In the patent to Rosaen, 3,333,697 a bayonet filter which is structurally dissimilar from the filter of the present invention is disclosed.

Jr. is directed to a universal filter mounting attachment particularly for the automotive field. This filter is of the spin-on type in which there is provided an adapter having lugs which are received in slots in the filter cartridge.

In the patent to Domnick U.S. No. 4,105,561 there is shown a cartridge having a reduced diameter end that is received in a filter head. The cartridge is surrounded by a housing 1 as shown in Fig. 1 thereof.

In the patent to Cooper, U.S. No. 4,456,595 there is disclosed a filter cartridge in a head assembly which includes means for facilitated cartridge securement and removal. This patent deals with industrial filters which are used under high pressure and which are tightened with great force onto the head.

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McMillin et al. U.S. 4,304,736 describes an apparatus for making and dispensing carbonated beverages. Similarly, Jeans 4,529,050 is directed to a beverage dispenser particularly adapted for use in the home. The patent to Sedam, U.S. No. 4,497,348 shows a portable post-mix carbonated beverage dispenser unit for which the quick-change filter of the present invention is particularly useful. The last three patents are generally relevant to art of the present invention.

A prior filter, having the designation APS17 and provided by the assignee of the present application, comprises a filter canister having a neck and a tube that extends from the neck into the canister. The opening into the tube, at the top of the neck, is sealed from other entrances into the neck by a flexible especially provided flat hat, rather than a seal that is located on the neck's radial periphery.

The filter assemblies of the prior art are intricate in construction and therefore less economical. The majority are screw on types and are somewhat more cumbersome to use. There is a present need for filter canisters with combined attributes of simplicity, reliability and inexpensiveness.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention to provide a filter which is simple in construction.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a filter which can be most easily installed or replaced.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a filter which is inexpensive yet reliable.

The foregoing and other objects of the present invention are realized by a filtering device which includes firstly a head which is intended to be permanently installed in a machine and secondly a replaceable filter canister which can be mounted by hand and without tools in the head.

The head includes a generally flat circular plate with a bottom side which faces the canister and a top side. A pair of tab receptacles extend from the bottom and near the radial periphery of the plate. tab receptacles form two diametrically opposed channels in which appropriate tabs located on the canister can be fitted to secure the canister in the head. cylindrical upstanding central chamber is located at the center and on the top side of the plate which central chamber is accessible from the bottom of the plate. Above the plate, an inlet port and an outlet port are in fluid communication with the central The ports will be connected to appropriate liquid carrying conduits or hoses of a vending or other apparatus in which fluid filtering is to take place. Preferably, the outlet port is located at the top of the central chamber and the inlet port communicates into the central chamber through the peripheral side wall of the central chamber.

The disposable canister is generally flask or bottle shaped and includes a main housing in which filtering material is disposed. Preferably, the main housing is cylindrical and has a flat top. A reduced diameter neck portion protrudes from the top. The diameter is fairly constant and the neck is shaped to fit into the central chamber in the head.

A tube of smaller diameter than the interior diameter of the neck extends from the top of the neck almost to the bottom of the main housing. The neck is closed at the top except for the opening formed by the tube. A pair of spaced seals, preferably O-rings, are

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An inlet opening, preferably a pair of diametrically opposed openings is located in the peripheral wall of the neck and on the surface which is bounded by the two seals. The inlet openings provide a fluid communication path into an annular clearance which is defined between the interior of the neck and the tube.

Pluid will enter the disposable canister through the inlet openings and flow through the filtering media disposed in the interior chamber of the main housing. Upon reaching the bottom of the housing, the now filtered liquid will rise through the tube and exit the canister at the top of the neck.

A pair of tabs project radially from the main housing. The tabs are about level with the top surface of the main housing. To install or replace the disposable canister, the tabs are misaligned with the tab receptacles on the head to permit the neck of the canister to enter the central chamber in the head. Thereafter the canister will be turned through a 90 i.e. 1/4, turn to lock the tabs in the channel formed by the tab receptacle in the head. The two O-rings on the head will make a slip-connection with the interior The neck and the seals surface of the central chamber. are so located that the tube opening at the top of the neck will be in sealing relationship with the outlet port in the central chamber and the inlet openings between the two seals will be in sealing relationship with the inlet port.

The head and disposable canister are preferably constructed of molded plastic material. The

head is preferably a single integral molded piece which also includes a pair of flanges which are employed to mount the head in the vending machine through appropriate screws or bolts.

Other features, advantages and uses of the present invention will become apparent from the following description of a preferred embodiment of the present invention which is described in conjunction with the appended drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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Fig. 1 is a perspective of the head and the disposable canister.

Fig. 2 is an elevational cross section through the disposable canister which is mated with its head, the view taken along lines 2-2 of Fig. 3.

Fig. 3 is a top view of the head along lines 3-3 in Fig. 2.

Fig. 4 is a cross sectional enlarged view through the disposable canister which is mated with its head.

Fig. 5 is a bottom view of the head along lines 5-5 of Fig. 4.

Fig. 6 is yet another cross section elevational view through the disposable canister and its head, the figure indicating the fluid flow through the head and the disposable canister.

Fig. 7 is a section through lines 7-7 in Fig.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

A preferred embodiment of the present invention will now be described by reference to the figures which will be taken up in sequence. Thus, in referring to Fig. 2 only those elements and features of the present invention not previously described in relation to Fig. 1 will be described and so on for the remaining figures. Like elements will bear like numerals throughout the figures.

As shown in Fig. 1, a filtering device 10 includes a head 12 and a disposable canister 14. head 12 is an integral piece, preferably molded of plastic, which includes a circular flat plate 16 with a top surface 18 and a bottom surface 20. A pair of diametrically opposed arcuate shaped tab receptacles 22 and 24 depend from the bottom side 20 of the plate 16 and are intended for supporting the disposable canister The tab receptacles 22 and 24 include, respectively, an upstanding arcuate wall 26 and 28 a reentrant cam wall 30 and 32 as shown. Note that the illustrated section of reentrant wall 32 is narrower in thickness than the thickness of the right sided reentrant wall 30. The narrowed thickness section represents a tapered beginning cam surface which facilitates rotation of the disposable canister 14 while the increased thickness section is a stop block which will prevent the disposable canister 14 from rotating more than about 90 .

On the top side of the plate 16 is located an upstanding central chamber 34 as well as an inlet port 36 and an outlet port 38. The inlet port 36 has a

threaded opening 40 for receiving an inlet hose as well as a reduced diameter nozzle 42 which communicates into the central chamber 34. Similarly, the outlet port 38 includes a threaded opening 44 to which an outlet hose (not shown) of a vending machine or a similar suitable arparatus can be attached. The outlet port 38 communicates with the central chamber through a top opening (not shown) in the central chamber 34.

A pair of integrally formed supports including a first support 46 connected to the plate 16 and reinforced by wedges 48 as well as a second support 50 protrude from the head 12. Support 50 is provided for mounting head 12 to a support structure (not shown) in the vending machine or the like and support 46 is intended for mounting, for example, a temperature probe or other monitoring devices. Screw or bolt holes 52a in the support 50 will be used for securing the head to the machine. Holes 52b will be used for securing the monitoring devices to the head 12.

Disposable canister 10 is seen to include a main housing 54, preferably cylindrically shaped, which housing has a generally flat top 56 and a pair of tabs 58 and 60 protruding radially from the top 56. The housing 54 may include the top 56 which is mated together with a bottom portion 62 of a housing when a filtering material (not shown) is disposed in the housing. A preferred filter media for use in filtering water for soft drinks and in particular carbonated water, is activated carbon. Pre and post filtering media may also be included in the canister. See Patent Application S.N. _______ entitled "Process for

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Filtering Potable Carbonated Water" to Giordano. et al. which is assigned to the assignee of the present application. The entire disclosure thereof is incorporated herein by reference.

A neck 64 of substantially uniform outer diameter projects from the top 56 of main housing 54 and a pair of seals, preferably O-rings, which include an upper O-ring 66 and a bottom O-ring 68 are mounted on the neck 64. A pair of diametrically opposed openings including a first inlet opening 70 provide an inlet path into the interior of the main housing 54. A tube opening 72 at the top of the neck provides a second conduit into the bottom of the housing through a tube which will be described later herein.

and thus the left side portion thereof is an outside view of the left side of the canister and head and the right side is a sectional view. The central chamber 34 is shown to have substantially uniform diameter with curving top surfaces 74 which define an opening into the output port 38. The relative sizes of the threaded opening 40 of the input port 36 and the reduced diameter nozzle 42 into the central chamber are also shown. Tube 76 extends from the neck 64 and through filtering material 78 to the bottom 80 of main housing 54. Note the annular clearance 82 between the peripheral wall of the neck and the tube 76.

The top view of Fig. 3 shows by appropriate dashed lines the relative dimensions of the threaded openings in the input and output ports as well as their respective nozzles 42 and 84 which communicate into central chamber 34.

In the cross sectional view of the head and the upper portion of the disposable filter in Fig. 4, the neck 64 is shown to have a respective pair of annular projections 86, 88 and 90, 92 for supporting the seals 66 and 68 against movement during insertion of the neck 64 into the central chamber 34. Each pair of annular projections from a seal seat for its respective seal. Preferably, the outer diameter of the first 0-ring 66 is smaller than that of the second 0-ring 68 to facilitate insertion of the neck past the protruding edge 94 of inlet port 36. Note again annular clearance 82 defined between the inner peripheral wall of neck 64 and tube 76.

Liquid flow through the head 12 and the disposable canister 14 is along the path shown by arrows 96. As should be apparent liquid conducting hoses (not shown) will carry the liquid into the input port 36 wherein the liquid will flow through nozzle 42 into the annular space 98 located between 0-rings 66 and 68 outside neck 64. The nozzle 42 is displaced 90° from the inlet opening 70. Thus, the liquid will flow for about 90 in two directions to enter annular clearance 82 located between the neck and the tube. As the arrows 96 indicate the liquid will now flow to the bottom of the interior of the housing, all the while being filtered by the filtering material 78 located in its path until at the bottom 80 the liquid enters into the tube 76.

In the tube the liquid will rise and empty into the upper region 100 of the central chamber, the upper O-ring 66 sealing region 100 from the inlet space

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98. The lower 0-ring 68 will prevent the incoming liquid from escaping between the head and the main housing. Note in this figure the general shape of the inlet and outlet ports. Note too, that for convenience the outlet port is shown in the same plane as the inlet opening although in the prior figures the inlet and outlet ports are disposed at 90 with respect to each other.

Figure 5 provides a bottom view of the head 12 also showing the top 56 of main housing 54 turned at an angle of about 45° relative to the head 12. In this view may be seen on the right tab receptacle 22 a tapered section 102 which will facilitate turning of the disposable canister even if the canister is not fully in abutment against the bottom of the head. Note that a similar tapered section 104 is also provided on tab receptacle 24. On the other end of the tab receptacles, end of travel stoppers 106 and 108 are formed.

Fig. 6 is an elevational cross section which is similar to the view provided in Fig. 4 except that disposable canister 14 and head 12 are turned 90 to provide a better view of inlet openings 70 into the annular clearance 82 formed between the neck and the tube.

Fig. 7, which is a cross section through line 7-7 of Fig. 5, is a better view of the tapered section 102 of head 12 and of end of travel stop 106 which will stop the canister after a one quarter turn.

The head 12 and filtering canister 14 of the present invention are seen therefore to be relatively

simple in construction and easily and economically fabricatable. The overall length of the filter is about 8 to 10 inches and its diameter is such that is can be easily grasped and handled by one hand. The head is dimensioned to complement the size of canister la.

Although the present invention has been described with respect to a preferred embodiment thereof, many other variations, modifications and other uses will now become apparent to those skilled in the art. It is preferred therefore that the present invention be limited not by the specific embodiment disclosed herein but only by the appended claims.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

l. A replacement filter canister for a permanently installed filter head of a type having inlet and outlet ports in fluid communication with a central cylindrical chamber which is intended to receive said filter canister, said filter canister comprising:

a flask shaped housing having a top surface and a cylindrical neck of substantially uniform diameter projecting from said top surface, said neck being intended to be loosely received in said central chamber of said head;

a tube disposed in said housing and extending into said neck, the cross sectional area of said tube being smaller than the cross sectional area of said neck to define a clearance therebetween, the clearance being sealed adjacent the distal ends of said tube and said neck;

a first seal disposed circumferentially around said neck and adjacent its distal end, a second seal disposed below said first seal, and at least one opening into the interior of said canister which is located between said first seal and said second seal, said first seal making slip-connection with the interior surface of said central chamber of said head such that one of said inlet and outlet ports in the head is in sealed fluid communication with the interior of the housing through said tube and wherein the other one of said inlet and outlet ports of said head is in sealed fluid communication with the interior one of said inlet and outlet ports of said head is in sealed fluid communication with the interior of said

housing through a space bounded by said first and second seals and through said at least one opening into said housing, whereby fluid directed at the opening will flow into the housing through the clearance between the neck and tubes and flow out of the housing through said tube; and

means for securing said canister to said head, said securing means including radially projecting tabs located on the main body of said housing, said tabs being intended to be supported in tab receptacles located on said head.

- 2. A canister as in claim 1 in which said second seal is located on said neck and makes a slip connection with the interior of said central chamber and said at least one opening is located between said seals to provide an inlet opening into the interior of said housing.
- 3. A canister as in claim 2 in which the entrance into said tube is in direct fluid communication with said outlet port of said head and in which said space between said seals is in fluid communication with said inlet port of said head.
- 4. A canister as in claim 3 in which said tube is coaxially disposed within said neck and said clearance between said neck and said tube extends annularly therebetween.

5. A canister as in claim 3 in which each one of said first and second seals is comprised of a respective O-ring.

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- 6. A canister as in claim 5 in which the outer diameter of said 0-ring of said first seal is smaller than the outer diameter of said second seal to facilitate insertion of said canister and prevent damage to said seals.
- 7. A canister as in claim 5 further comprising seal retaining means for preventing said 0-rings from sliding on said neck.
- 8. A canister as in claim 7 in which said retaining means comprise a respective pair of annular projections which define a seal seat therebetween.
- 9. A canister as in claim 5 further comprising a filtering material disposed in the interior of said housing.
- 10. A canister as in claim 9 wherein said housing is circular in cross section.
- 11. A canister as in claim 5 in which said tabs comprise first and second tabs which are level with the top surface of said housing and which are spaced apart about 180 from each other, said tabs being adapted to lock with said tab receptacles by turning said canister by about 1/4 turn.

12. A filter apparatus comprising:

a head intended to be permanently installed in a machine, said head including a generally flat, generally circular plate having a bottom side and a top side, a pair of tab receptacles extending from the bottom side and located adjacent the radial periphery of said plate, a cylindrical central chamber formed on said top side of said plate and accessible from the bottom side of said plate, an inlet port and an outlet port into said central chamber;

a flask shaped housing having a top surface and a cylindrical neck of substantially uniformed diameter projecting from said top surface, said neck being intended to be loosely received in said central chamber of said head;

a tube disposed in said housing and extending into said neck, the cross sectional area of said tube being smaller than the cross sectional area of said neck to define a clearance therebetween, the clearance being sealed adjacent the distal ends of said tube and said neck whereby fluid directed at the top of said neck will flow into the housing through said tube;

a first seal disposed circumferentially around said neck and adjacent its distal end, a second seal disposed below said first seal, and at least one opening into the interior of said housing which opening is located between said first seal and said second seal, said first seal making slip-connection with the interior surface of said central chamber of said head such that one of said inlet and cutlet ports in the

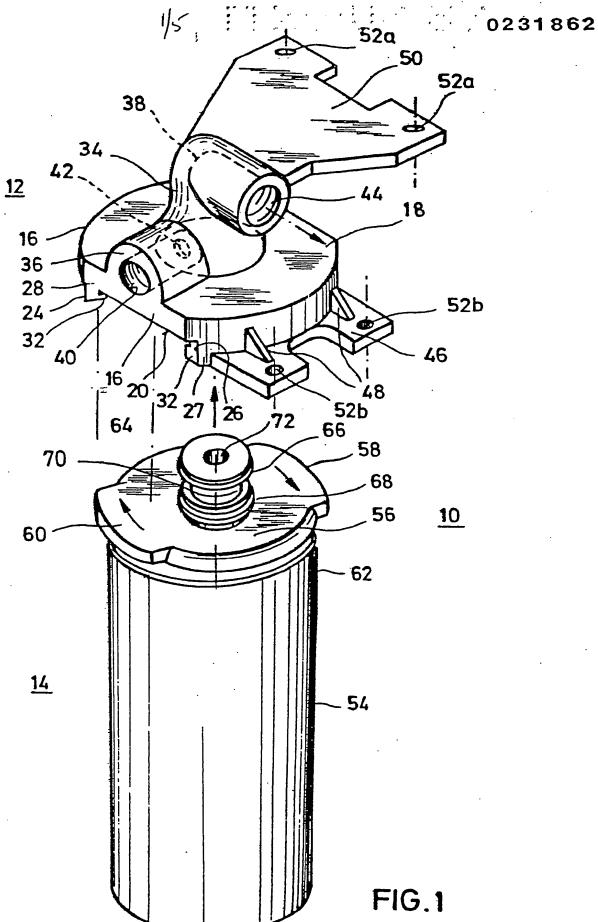
head is in sealed fluid communication with the interior of said housing through said tube and wherein the other one of said inlet and outlet ports of said head is in sealed fluid communication with the interior of said housing through a space located between said first and second seals and through said at least one opening into said housing; and

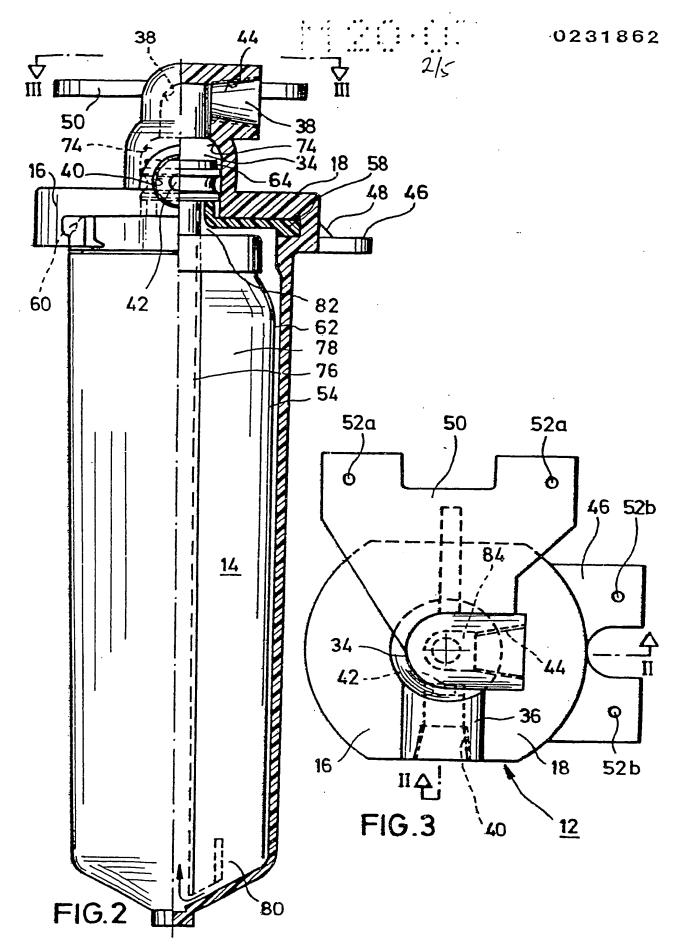
means for securing said canister to said head, said securing including radially projecting tabs on said housing which are receivable in tab receptacles located on said head and wherein said tab receptacles comprise a channel formed by downwardly projecting surfaces and reentrant surfaces which form tab supporting channels in said head.

- second seal is located on said neck and makes a slip connection with the interior of said central chamber and wherein said at least one opening is located between said first and second seal and on said neck to provide a fluid path from said space between said seals to said clearance between said tube and said neck.
 - 14. The apparatus of claim 13 in which said tube is in direct fluid communication with said outlet port in said head and wherein said space between said seals is in fluid communication with said inlet port of said head, said tube being coaxially disposed within said neck so that said clearance defines an annular clearance between said neck and said tube.

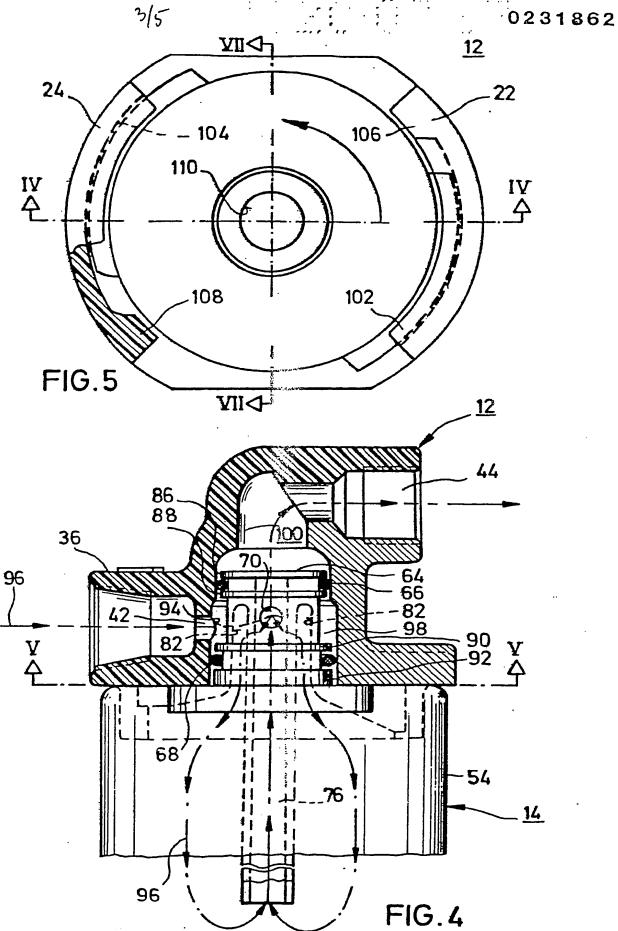
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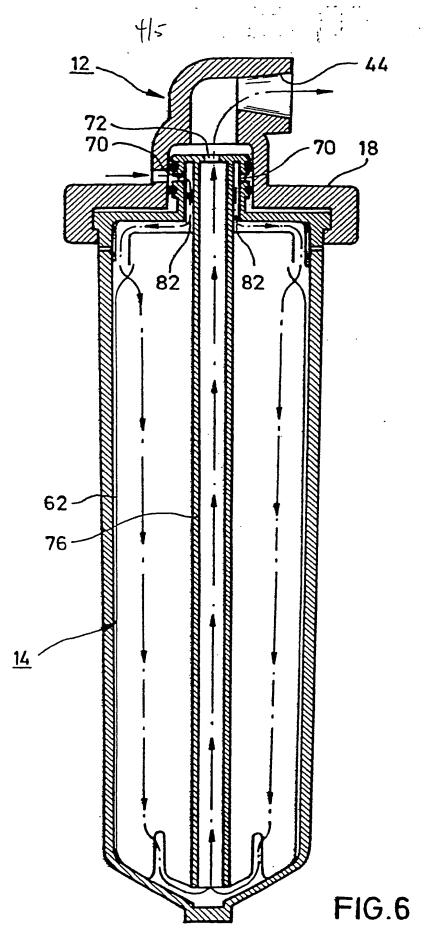
- of said first and second seals Comprises a respective O-ring.
- 16. The apparatus of claim 12 further comprising end of travel stops in said channels.
- 17. The apparatus of claim 16 in which said reentrant surface which forms said channels includes a tapered section which forms a wider channel at a start position to facilitate rotation of said canister into said head.
- 18. The apparatus of claim 17 wherein said head further comprises integral support flanges for mounting said head in an apparatus.





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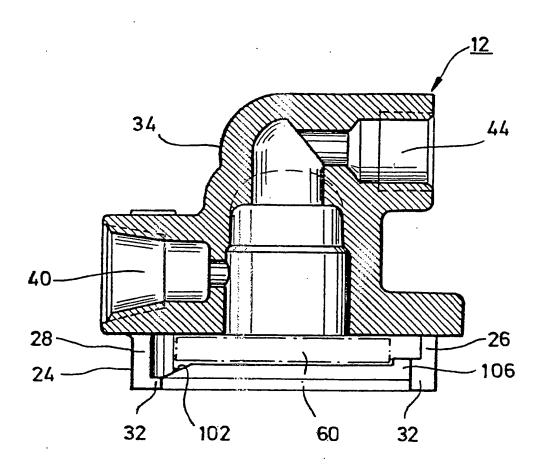


FIG.7

(1) Publication number:

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EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(21) Application number: 87101105.2

(51) Int. Cl.3: B 01 D 46/42

(22) Date of filing: 27.01.87

(30) Priority: 27.01.86 US 822536

(43) Date of publication of application: 12.08.87 Bulletin 87/33

(88) Date of deferred publication of search report: 22.06.88

(84) Designated Contracting States: AT BE CH DE ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE (71) Applicant: Cuno Incorporated 400 Research Parkway Meriden Connecticut 06450(US)

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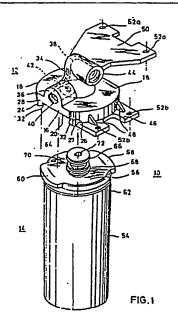
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(57) A filtering device includes a head intended to be permanently installed in a fluid dispensing machine and a disposable canister therefor. A central chamber is formed in the head which chamber is in communication with an inlet port and an outlet port for receiving an unfiltered liquid and supplying a filtered liquid, respectively. The disposable canister has a flask shaped main body with a flat top and a neck of substantially uniform diameter on the top. The neck fits in the central chamber. A tube extending through the neck defines an annular clearance between the tube and the interior of the neck which annular clearance is in fluid communication with the inlet port. The opening into the tube located at the top of the neck is in fluid communication with the outlet port in the head. A pair of tab receptacle on the head and a complementary pair of tabs on the canister are engageable with one another by 1/4 rotation of the canister to lock the canister to the head.





EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

EP 87 10 1105

Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages		Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF TH APPLICATION (Int. Cl.4)	
Y	US-A-3 954 624 (PETF * column 2, line 62 - figures 1, 3 *	RUCCI)	1-5,7,9	B 01 D B 01 D	46/42
Y	GB-A-1 296 051 (C.A. * page 1, line 90 - p figures 2, 3 *		1-5,7,9 -18		
A,D	US-A-3 746 171 (THOMSEN) * column 1, lines 41-44; column 5, lines 21-26; column 5, line 51 - column 6, line 14; figures 3-6 *		1,2,4-7		
A,D	US-A-4 495 072 (FIEL * column 3, lines 32-	LDS) -52; figures 1, 2 *	1,11,12		
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